

## Grade 3

	<p><b>Quarter 1: Weather and Climate</b>  <a href="#">Mystery Sci</a> , <a href="#">SS Unit</a>            3-ESS2-1. Represent data in tables and graphical displays to describe typical weather conditions expected during a particular season.            3-ESS2-2. Obtain and combine information to describe climates in different regions of the world.            3-ESS3-1. Make a claim about the merit of a design solution that reduces the impacts of a weather-related hazard.*</p> <p><b>Quarter 2: Patterns in Motion</b>            3-PS2-1. Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence of the effects of balanced and unbalanced forces on the motion of an object.            3-PS2-2. Make observations and/or measurements of an object's motion to provide evidence that a pattern can be used to predict future motion.            3-PS2-3. Ask questions to determine cause and effect relationships of electric or magnetic interactions between two objects not in contact with each other.            3-PS2-4. Define a simple design problem that can be solved by applying scientific ideas about magnets.*</p>	<p><b>Quarter 3: Animals Change in Habitat</b>            2-LS4-1. Make observations of plants and animals to compare the diversity of life in different habitats.            3-LS2-1. Construct an argument that some animals form groups that help members survive.            3-LS4-1. Analyze and interpret data from fossils to provide evidence of the organisms and the environments in which they lived long ago.            3-LS4-3. Construct an argument with evidence that in a particular habitat some organisms can survive well, some survive less well, and some cannot survive at all. system in which the parts depend on each other.</p> <p><b>Quarter 4: Organisms</b>            3-LS1-1. Develop models to describe that organisms have unique and diverse life cycles but all have in common birth, growth, reproduction, and death.            3-LS3-1. Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence that plants and animals have traits inherited from parents and that variation of these traits exists in a group of similar organisms.            3-LS3-2. Use evidence to support the explanation that traits can be influenced by the environment.            3-LS4-2. Use evidence to construct an explanation for how the variations in characteristics among individuals of the same species may provide advantages in surviving, finding mates, and reproducing.            3-LS4-4. Make a claim about the merit of a solution to a problem caused when the environment changes and the types of plants and animals that live there may change.*</p>
	<p><b>Science &amp; Engineering Practices</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Asking questions (for science) and defining problems (for engineering)</li> <li>2. Developing and using models</li> <li>3. Planning and carrying out investigations</li> <li>4. Analyzing and interpreting data</li> <li>5. Using mathematics and computational thinking</li> <li>6. Constructing explanations (for science) and designing solutions (for engineering)</li> <li>7. Engaging in argument from evidence</li> <li>8. Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information</li> </ol>	<p><b>Engineering and Design Performances Embedded throughout units</b>            *Smithsonian incorporates the Engineering Standards required.</p> <p>3 - Animals Habitat Change Unit</p> <p>3-ETS1-1. Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.</p> <p>3-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.</p> <p>3-ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.</p>